

# HEADPHONE WITH AN AUTOMATIC REELING DEVICE FOR A JACK WIRE

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field of the Invention

The invention relates to a headphone, and particularly to a headphone having an automatic reeling device to retract and hold a jack wire conveniently.

### 2. Description of Related Art

Conventional headphones are adapted to be worn on a person's ears to play sounds privately to avoid interference from the outside environment. A conventional headphone usually contains a head band with two ends, two ear-cups attached respectively to the two ends of the head band, two speakers installed respectively inside the two ear-cups and a jack wire attached to one ear-cup to connect to a player.

When the headphone is not used, the jack wire is usually wound on the headband so that the headphone does not have a neat appearance. Additionally, the jack wire easily tangles with other objects nearby and can be snagged to cause breaks especially at joints between the jack wire and the ear-cup. Therefore, the headphone is not convenient to use and can be easily damaged.

The present invention has arisen to provide a headphone with an automatic reeling device for the jack wire to obviate the drawbacks of the conventional clotheshorse.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

1           A main objective of the present invention is to provide a headphone  
2     with an automatic reeling device that retracts a jack wire automatically.

3           Further benefits and advantages of the present invention will become  
4     apparent after a careful reading of the detailed description when taken in  
5     conjunction with the drawings.

#### 6     BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

7           Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of a headphone with an  
8     automatic reeling device for a jack wire in accordance with the present  
9     invention;

10          Fig. 2 is an enlarged exploded perspective view of the reeling device  
11     in the headphone in Fig. 1;

12          Fig. 3 is an operational cross-sectional front plane view of the reeling  
13     device; and

14          Fig. 4 is a cross-sectional side plane view of the headphone showing  
15     a locking device installed in the reeling device.

#### 16     DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

17          A headphone with a reeling device for a jack wire in accordance with  
18     the present invention comprises a headband, two earphones and a reeling  
19     device installed inside one of the two ear-cups to automatically reel in the  
20     jack wire.

21          With reference to Figs. 1 to 3, a preferred embodiment headphone  
22     with a reeling device for a jack wire in accordance with the present invention  
23     of the headphone (1) comprises a headband (10), two earphones (20), a  
24     reeling device (not numbered) and a jack wire (40). The headband (10) has

1 two ends (not numbered). The two earphones (20) are electrically attached  
2 respectively to the two ends of the headband (10). The reeling device is  
3 installed inside one of the two earphones (20). The jack wire (40) is wound  
4 around the reeling device.

5 Each earphone (20) is a hollow cylinder (not numbered) with an  
6 inner end (not numbered), an outer end (not numbered), an inner cover (26),  
7 a middle plate (21), an outer cover (39) and an audio output device (not  
8 numbered) attached to the inner cover (26) to broadcast sounds. The inner  
9 cover is attached to the inner end of the earphone (20).

10 The middle plate (21) is formed in the hollow cylinder and has an  
11 edge (not numbered), a central post (23), multiple wire holes (211) and a  
12 wire slot (221). The central post (23) has an outer periphery (not numbered),  
13 a distal end (not numbered), a positioning slot (231), a spring recess (not  
14 numbered), two opposite flat portions (233) and a spring (375). The distal  
15 end extends toward the outer cover (39). The positioning slot (231) is defined  
16 axially in the distal end of the central post (23). The spring recess (not  
17 numbered) is defined in the distal end of the central post (23) and  
18 communicates with the positioning slot (231). The two opposite flat portions  
19 (233) are defined on the outer periphery of the central post (23) at the distal  
20 end. The spring (375) is mounted in and protrudes from the spring recess.  
21 The multiple wire holes (211) are defined through the middle plate (21), and  
22 the wire slot (221) is defined in the edge that abuts the outer cover (39) on  
23 the hollow cylinder.

24 The reeling device is mounted on the middle plate (21) and

1 composed of a stationary disk (25), a coil spring (38), a rotating disk (30)  
2 and a push button (37). The stationary disk (25) has an outer surface (not  
3 numbered), an inner surface (not numbered), a central through hole (241),  
4 multiple circular contacts (251, 252, 253), and multiple conductive wires  
5 (261, 262, 263). The through hole (241) is defined in the stationary disk (25)  
6 to mount the stationary disk (25) on the middle plate (21) by penetrating the  
7 central post (23). Thereby, the stationary disk (25) is mounted inside the  
8 earphone (20). The multiple circular contacts are a left track contact (251), a  
9 ground contact (252) and a right track contact (253) are sequentially arranged  
10 on the outer surface of the stationary disk from inner to outside. The multiple  
11 conductive wires (261, 262, 263) are a left track wire (261), a ground wire  
12 (262) and a right track wire (263) connected respectively to the left track  
13 contact (251), the ground contact (252) and the right track contact (253). The  
14 multiple conductive wires (261, 262, 263) extend through the stationary disk  
15 (25), pass through the wire holes (211) in the middle plate (21) and connect  
16 to the audio output device on the inner cover (26).

17 The rotating disk (30) is rotatably mounted on the central post (23),  
18 abuts the stationary disk (25) and has an outer surface, an inner surface  
19 facing the stationary disk (25), a central through hole (not numbered), an  
20 inner edge (not numbered) and a hollow wire reel (31).

21 With further reference to Fig. 4, the wire reel (31) is a hollow  
22 cylinder (not numbered), is formed concentrically on the inner edge, extends  
23 from the outer surface and has an inner segment (not numbered), an outer  
24 segment (not numbered), a dividing plate (34) and two longitudinal slots (32).

1 The dividing plate (34) has a through hole (not numbered), an outer surface  
2 (not numbered) and two stop blocks (36) and forms the inner segment and  
3 the outer segment inside the hollow cylinder. The through hole in the  
4 dividing plate (34) is formed concentrically with the through hole in the  
5 rotating disk (30).

6 The two longitudinal slots (32) are defined in the outer segment to  
7 define an attaching post (33) to which the jack wire (40) is connected. The  
8 outer segment has an inner wall, and the two stop blocks (36) are formed on  
9 the inner wall to extend inward. The inner segment accommodates the coil  
10 spring (38) and has a spring slot (311) defined in the inner segment..

11 The outer surface of the rotating disk (30) has multiple grooves (301)  
12 that extend out from the wire reel (31). Each groove (301) has a distal end  
13 (not numbered) and a lead hole (302) defined through the rotating disk (30)  
14 at the distal end.

15 The coil spring (38) is mounted inside the inner segment of the  
16 hollow wire reel (31) and has a stationary end (not numbered) and a hooked  
17 end (381). The stationary end engages the positioning slit (231) in the central  
18 post (23), and the hooked end (381) engages the spring slot (311) in the  
19 hollow wire reel (31). Thereby, the coil spring (38) provides a restitution  
20 force to the rotating disk (30).

21 The push button (37) is movably mounted on dividing plate (34) in  
22 the wire reel (31) and has an outer surface, a distal end (not numbered), a  
23 proximal end (not numbered), a post recess (not shown), a flange (not  
24 numbered), an axial stub (371) and two radial stops (372). The post recess is

1 defined at the proximal end of the push button (37) to match with the distal  
2 end of the central portion (23). Wherein, the flat portions (233) on the distal  
3 end allow the push button (37) moving axially but forbid the push button (37)  
4 rotating relative to the central post (23) on the stationary disk (25). The  
5 flange is formed on and extends out radially from the distal end. The radial  
6 stops (372) are formed on and extend out radially from the flange and  
7 detachably engage the stop blocks (36) inside the wire reel (31). Each radial  
8 stop (372) has an inclined edge (373) and a vertical edge (374). The inclined  
9 edge (373) enables the stop block (36) to slide over the radial stop (372)  
10 when the rotating disk (30) rotates to allow the jack wire (40) to wound off  
11 the wire reel (31). The vertical edge (374) stops the radial stop (372) when  
12 the rotating disk (30) rotates in a direction to wind the jack wire (40) onto the  
13 wire reel (31). Therefore, the rotating disk (30) is unidirectional. A spring  
14 (375) is mounted in the spring recess on the central post (23) and partially  
15 emerges out of the spring recess to abut the push button (37).

16         The jack wire (40) has two ends, one end is firmly looped on the  
17 attaching post (33) on the hollow wire reel (31), and the other end is attached  
18 to a jack (41) to connect to an audio player. The jack wire (40) is composed  
19 of four wires (not numbered). The wires are branched to extend respectively  
20 into the grooves (301) on the rotating disk (30). Then, the wires penetrate  
21 through the lead holes (302) on the rotating disk (30), and each wire has a  
22 contact (303) to connect to one of the multiple circular contacts (251, 252,  
23 253) by the contact (303).

24         The outer cover (39) is detachably mounted on the outer end of the

1 earphone (20) by means of screws to hold the reeling device inside the  
2 earphone (20) and has a central button hole (391) to allow the push button  
3 (37) to protrude out of the earphone (20).

4           When the headphone is operated, the jack wire (40) is pulled out  
5 through the wire slot (221) in the earphone (20) to rotate the rotating disk  
6 (30). The stop block (36) slides over the inclined edge (373) to allow the  
7 rotating disk (30) to rotate. Meanwhile, the coil spring (38) is wound tightly  
8 and stores a restitution force until the jack wire (40) is not drawn out  
9 anymore. The stop block (36) engages the vertical edge (374) when the coil  
10 spring (38) attempts to wind the jack wire (40) back onto the wire reel (31).  
11 When the spring (375) is fully extended between the central post (23) and the  
12 push button (37), the radial stop (372) on the push button (37) engages the  
13 stop block (36) on the rotating disk (30) to hold the rotating disk (30) in  
14 place. To rewind the jack wire (40) onto the wire reel (31), the push button  
15 (37) is pressed, and the spring (375) is compressed to allow the radial stop  
16 (372) move axially to disengage from the stop block (36). Meanwhile, the  
17 restitution force in the coil spring (38) rotates the rotating disk (30) in the  
18 reverse direction to rewind the jack wire (40) onto the wire reel (31)  
19 automatically.

20           Consequently, the jack wire (40) can be rewound into the earphone  
21 (20) by simply pressing the push button (37). Therefore, the jack wire (40) is  
22 no longer exposed outside to tangle with other object nearby or itself when  
23 the headphone is not in use and the headphone has a neat appearance.

24           Although the invention has been explained in relation to its preferred

1   embodiment, many other possible modifications and variations can be made  
2   without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as hereinafter  
3   claimed.